# FY25.3 Semi-Annual Investors Meeting

# November 7, 2024 KYUSHU RAILWAY COMPANY

- ➤ I am Yoji Furumiya, the president of JR Kyushu. I would like to thank everyone for taking the time to join us.
- ➤ Today, I will discuss our financial results for the first six months of the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024, our full-year performance forecasts and dividend forecasts for the fiscal year ending March 31, 2025, the status of segments, progress on the medium-term business plan, and serious problems related to safety assurance that arose at JR Kyushu Jet Ferry.
- ➤ First, I will discuss our financial results for the first six months of the fiscal year ending September 30, 2024. Please turn to slide 5.

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## **Overview**

Financial results for the first six months of FY25.3

- Owing to demand recovery in each segment, consolidated operating revenues, operating income, and ordinary income all increased year on year.
- Net income attributable to owners of the parent decreased year on year, owing to a decrease in the gain on the transfer of Drug Eleven shares.

Full-year performance forecasts and dividend forecasts for FY25.3

- In Q2, we made steady progress toward our full-year financial forecasts.
- Our consolidated financial forecast remains unchanged from our announcement on August
- Our dividend forecast remains unchanged, at an annual dividend of ¥93.0 per share (reintroducing interim dividends).

Status of segments

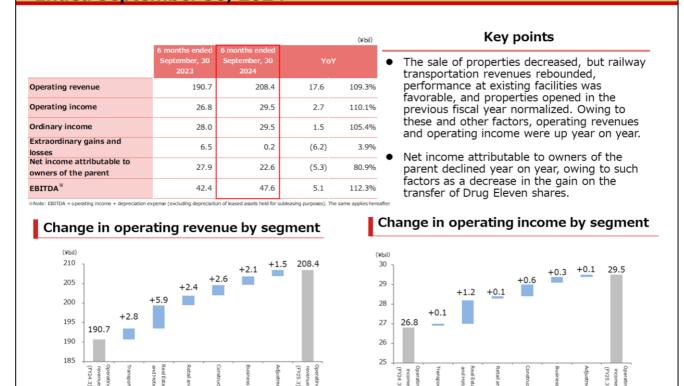
- Railway transportation revenues were slightly behind target, owing to the impact of typhoons in August and other factors.
- In the hotel business, ADR and occupancy rates were in line with Q1 levels.
- In the retail and restaurant business, store sales remained robust.
- QR ticketless service and full operation of multifunctional inspection vehicle started.

Progress on the medium-term business plan

- The number of commuter pass users of Nishi-Kyushu Shinkansen has increased continually. We also expanded the service area of the IC card 'SUGOCA' in the Western Kyushu Area.
- Group-wide scope3 was identified and disclosed. Employee awareness survey improved from the previous year.

I Financial Results for the First Six Months of FY25.3	
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# Consolidated Financial Highlights for the six-Month Period Ended September 30, 2024



- Operating revenue rose ¥17.6 billion year on year, to ¥208.4 billion, owing to such factors as a recovery in demand in the railway business and other sectors.
- ➤ Operating income grew ¥2.7 billion, to ¥29.5 billion, bolstered by higher operating revenue. EBITDA also expanded ¥5.1 billion year on year, to ¥47.6 billion.
- ➤ Net income attributable to owners of the parent fell ¥5.3 billion year on year, to ¥22.6 billion. This decrease reflect the recording of a gain on the transfer of Drug Eleven shares in the previous year.
- Next, I will discuss our full-year performance forecasts. Please turn to slide 10.

# **Consolidated Balance Sheet and Cash Flow Statement**

				(¥bil)
	Results FY24.3	6 months ended September, 30 2024		Major factors
Assets	1,089.1	1,077.2	(11.9)	
Current assets	221.5	194.2	(27.3)	Decrease in accounts receivable-trade
Non-current assets	867.6	883.0	15.3	Increase in property, plant and equipment
Fixed assets for railway business	149.8	147.9	(1.9)	
Liabilities	646.8	631.6	(15.2)	
Current liabilities	224.2	171.2	(53.0)	Decrease in commercial papers
Non-current liabilities	422.6	460.4	37.8	Increase in corporate bonds and Lomg-term loans
Net assets	442.2	445.6	3.3	
Interest-bearing debt	400.3	406.1	5.8	
Equity ratio	40.5%	41.3%		

				(¥DII)
	6 months ended September, 30 2023	6 months ended September, 30 2024	YoY	Major factors
Cash flows from operating activities	50.1	54.8	4.6	
Depreciation expense	16.6	18.7	2.1	
Cash flows from investing activities	(36.8)	(53.7)	(16.8)	Decrease in proceeds from sales of shares of subsidiaries and associates
Free cash flow	13.2	1.1	(12.1)	
Cash flows from financing activities	(4.1)	(15.9)	(11.8)	Decrease due to redemption of commercial papers
Cash and cash equivalents	61.4	48.5	(12.9)	

# Consolidated Results for the First Six Months of FY25.3 (by Segment)

					(¥bil)
		6 months ended	v	v	
	September, 30 2023	September, 30 2024	Yo	Υ	Major factors
Operating revenue	190.7	208.4	17.6	109.3%	
Transportation	79.3	82.1	2.8	103.6%	
Railway Business (non-consolidated)	77.9	80.9	3.0	103.9%	Increase due to moderate recovery in demand
Real Estate and Hotels	55.2	61.1	5.9	110.7%	
Real Estate Lease	33.5	37.6	4.1	112.3%	Increase in revenues from leases due to recovery in demand
Real Estate Sales	10.6	8.4	(2.1)	79.7%	Decrease in the sale of properties
Hotel Business	11.0	15.0	3.9	135.8%	Increase due to recovery in demand
Retail and Restaurant	29.9	32.4	2.4	108.3%	Increase due to recovery in demand
Construction	33.9	36.5	2.6	107.8%	
Business Services	34.4	36.6	2.1	106.4%	
Operating income	26.8	29.5	2.7	110.1%	
Transportation	12.1	12.2	0.1	101.3%	
Railway Business (non-consolidated)	12.3	12.9	0.6	105.0%	
Real Estate and Hotels	11.8	13.1	1.2	110.6%	
Real Estate Lease	8.6	9.2	0.6	107.3%	
Real Estate Sales	1.5	0.8	(0.6)	59.3%	
Hotel Business	1.7	3.0	1.2	169.8%	
Retail and Restaurant	1.6	1.8	0.1	111.7%	
Construction	(0.3)	0.2	0.6	-	
Business Services	1.6	1.9	0.3	123.0%	
EBITDA	42.4	47.6	5.1	112.3%	
Transportation	17.9	18.7	0.8	104.6%	
Railway Business (non-consolidated)	17.9	19.1	1.1	106.6%	
Real Estate and Hotels	19.3	22.0	2.7	114.2%	
Real Estate Lease	14.8	16.4	1.6	111.1%	
Real Estate Sales	1.5	0.9	(0.6)	59.4%	
Hotel Business	2.9	4.7	1.7	157.6%	
Retail and Restaurant	2.2	2.5	0.2	112.8%	
Construction	0.1	0.8	0.7	748.5%	
Business Services	3.0	3.5	0.4	116.2%	

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# Non-Consolidated Results for the First Six Months of FY25.3

						(¥bil)
	6 months ended	6 months ended				
	September 30,	September 30,			Major Factors	
	2023	2024				
Operating revenue	106.2	110.0	3.7	103.5%		
Railway transportation revenues	70.4	73.3	2.9	104.1%	Increase due to moderate recovery in demand	
Shinkansen	28.0	29.2	1.2	104.3%		
Conventional Lines	42.3	44.0	1.6	104.0%		
Other revenue	35.8	36.7	0.8	102.4%		
Operating expense	85.0	87.4	2.3	102.8%		
Personnel expense	20.3	23.3	2.9	114.5%	Increase with the Implementation of new personnel and wage system	
Non-personnel expense	48.6	45.9	(2.7)	94.4%		
Energy cost	5.5	5.4	(0.1)	96.7%		
Maintenance cost	11.6	11.5	(0.1)	99.1%		
Other	31.4	28.9	(2.4)	92.2%	Decrease in cost of sales due to the sale of properties	
Taxes	6.1	6.7	0.5	109.3%		
Depreciation cost	9.7	11.3	1.5	116.3%		
Operating income	21.2	22.6	1.3	106.4%		
Non-operating income and expense	5.5	0.3	(5.2)	5.9%		
Ordinary income	26.8	22.9	(3.8)	85.5%		
Extraordinary gain and losses	6.5	0.2	(6.3)	3.2%	Decrease due to a gain on the transfer of Drug Eleven shares	
Net income	28.2	17.8	(10.3)	63.3%		
net meeting	20.2	17.0	(20.5)	03.570		

Results by business (non-consolidated) (included in above table)

(¥bil)

			6 months ended September 30, 2023	6 months ended September 30, 2024	Yo	Υ
Railway business	Operating revenue	77.9	80.9	3.0	103.9%	
Kaliway bu	3111633	Operating income	12.3	12.9	0.6	105.0%
Related businesses	Operating revenue	28.3	29.0	0.7	102.7%	
	Operating income	8.9	9.6	0.7	108.4%	

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II Full-Year Performance Forecasts and Dividend Forecasts for FY25.3	
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#### Consolidated Financial Forecast Highlights for FY25.3 Key points Although personnel expenses will rise due to improved employee compensation, we expect higher railway transportation revenue and a decline in maintenance costs. These factors, plus contribution of newly Operating revenue 420.4 441.1 20.6 104.9% 440.0 1.1 100.3% opened properties in the previous fiscal year and a falloff in costs related to Operating income 47.0 573 10.2 121.7% 57.0 0.3 100.5% openings, should lead to higher operating income. · We will make changes to the scope of Ordinary income 56.7 7.7 115.9% consolidation, and some sub-subsidiaries in Net income attributable to the Construction Segment and Business 38.4 42.2 3.7 109.8% owners of the parent Services Segment will be consolidated. We expect to meet the targets for operating **EBITDA** 13.9 117.4% 94.0 - 100.0% revenues, operating income, and EBITDA, as outlined in the medium-term business Change in operating revenue by segment Change in operating income by segment (¥bil) +0.6 441.1 57.3 +0.6 +0.8 +0.2 +3.8 +0.3 +3.4+5.0 +4.5 420.4 +2.8 50 47.0 400

Our full-year performance forecasts and dividend forecasts are unchanged from the figures disclosed on August 6.

- ➤ At a meeting on November 6, yesterday, the Board of Directors passed a resolution to pay an interim dividend of ¥46.5 per share.
- We will continue to monitor trends in revenues and expenses in each segment and promote various measures to achieve the numerical targets of this fiscal year's earnings forecast and medium-term business plan.
- Next, I will discuss the status of segments. Please turn to slide 15.

# Consolidated Financial Forecasts for FY25.3 (by Segment)

	Results FY24.3	Forecasts FY25.3	41.1 20.6 104.9%  466.6 2.8 101.7% Increase due to moderate recovery in demand  66.8 2.3 101.4%  38.2 5.0 103.8%  76.3 5.5 107.8% Increase due to properties opened in the previous fiscal year  33.5 (3.6) 90.2% Decrease in sales of properties and increase in sales of condominiums  28.4 3.1 112.4% Increase due to properties opened in the previous fiscal year  65.2 3.4 105.6%  95.0 4.9 105.4% Increase due to consolidation of sub-subsidiaries		Medium-Term Business Plan targets	Vs. targets		
Operating revenue	420.4	441.1	20.6	104.9%		440.0	1.1	100.3%
Transportation	163.7	166.6	2.8	101.7%	Increase due to moderate recovery in demand	163.0	3.6	102.2%
Railway Business (non-consolidated)	160.4	162.8	2.3	101.4%		159.0	3.8	102.4%
Real Estate and Hotels	133.1	138.2	5.0	103.8%		133.0	5.2	103.99
Real Estate Lease	70.7	76.3	5.5	107.8%	Increase due to properties opened in the previous fiscal year	-	-	-
Real Estate Sales	37.1	33.5	(3.6)	90.2%	Decrease in sales of properties and increase in sales of condominiums	-	-	
Hotel Business	25.2	28.4	3.1	112.4%	Increase due to properties opened in the previous fiscal year	-	-	-
Retail and Restaurant	61.7	65.2	3.4	105.6%		65.0	0.2	100.39
Construction	90.0	95.0	4.9	105.4%	Increase due to consolidation of sub-subsidiaries	95.0	0.0	100.09
Business Services	77.9	81.8	3.8	104.9%	Increase due to consolidation of sub-subsidiaries	80.0	1.8	102.39
Operating income	47.0	57.3	10.2	121.7%		57.0	0.3	100.59
Transportation	10.3	14.9	4.5	143.3%		17.0	(2.1)	87.69
Railway Business (non-consolidated)	10.5	15.1	4.5	143.1%		16.5	(1.4)	91.5
Real Estate and Hotels	24.8	28.4	3.5	114.5%		27.0	1.4	105.2
Real Estate Lease	15.8	17.3	1.4	108.9%		-	-	
Real Estate Sales	5.2	5.7	0.4	108.8%		-	-	
Hotel Business	3.6	5.4	1.7	146.7%		-	-	
Retail and Restaurant	3.2	3.6	0.3	112.3%		3.0	0.6	120.09
Construction	5.9	6.6	0.6	110.5%		7.0	(0.4)	94.39
Business Services	3.8	4.7	0.8	121.3%		4.0	0.7	117.59
EBITDA	80.0	94.0	13.9	117.4%		94.0	-	100.09
Transportation	22.3	28.1	5.7	125.7%		-	-	
Railway Business (non-consolidated)	22.1	27.8	5.6	125.6%		-	-	
Real Estate and Hotels	40.8	46.3	5.4	113.4%		-	-	
Real Estate Lease	29.0	31.8	2.7	109.3%		_	-	
Real Estate Sales	5.2	5.8	0.5	110.2%		_	-	
Hotel Business	6.4	8.7	2.2	134.1%		-	-	
Retail and Restaurant	4.5	5.0	0.4	110.7%		-	-	
Construction	7.0	7.9	0.8	112.3%		_	-	
Business Services	6.8	7.7	0.8	111.7%		-	-	

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# Non-consolidated Financial Forecasts for FY25.3

					(¥bil)
	Results FY24.3	Forecasts FY25.3	Yo		Major factors
Operating revenue	234.3	234.1	(0.2)	99.9%	
Railway transportation revenues	145.0	147.7	2.6	101.8%	Increase due to moderate recovery in demand
Shinkansen	57.5	58.7	1.1	102.0%	
Conventional Lines	87.5	89.0	1.4	101.7%	
Other revenue	89.2	86.4	(2.8)	96.8%	Decrease in sales of properties and increase in sales of condominiums
Operating expense	204.4	199.1	(5.3)	97.4%	
Personnel expense	45.1	47.5	2.3	105.2%	Increase due to the launch of new personnel and wage system and decrease of lump sum payment
Non-personnel expense	126.3	114.6	(11.7)	90.7%	
Energy cost	10.1	11.8	1.6	115.9%	Increase in electricity unit cost due to increase in renewable energy surcharge
Maintenance cost	36.6	29.4	(7.2)	80.2%	Decrease due to additional execution in the previous fiscal year
Other	79.4	73.4	(6.0)	92.3%	
Taxes	12.4	13.7	1.2	109.9%	
Depreciation cost	20.4	23.3	2.8	113.7%	
Operating income	29.8	35.0	5.1	117.1%	
Non-operating income and expense	7.2	1.4	(5.8)	19.3%	
Ordinary income	37.1	36.4	(0.7)	98.0%	
Extraordinary gain and losses	1.0	-	(1.0)	-	
Net income	32.9	29.3	(3.6)	89.0%	

Forecasts by business (non-consolidated) (included in above table)

	Results FY24.3	Forecasts FY25.3	Yo	Υ
enue	160.4	162.8	2.3	101.4%
ome	10.5	15.1	4.5	143.1%
enue	73.8	71.3	(2.5)	96.6%
ome	19.3	19.9	0.5	102.9%
	ome enue	FY24.3 enue 160.4 ome 10.5 enue 73.8	FY24.3 FY25.3 enue 160.4 162.8 ome 10.5 15.1 enue 73.8 71.3	FY24.3 FY25.3 YC enue 160.4 162.8 2.3 ome 10.5 15.1 4.5 enue 73.8 71.3 (2.5)

Medium-Term Business Plan targets	Vs. ta	argets
159.0	3.8	102.4%
16.5	(1.4)	91.5%
-	-	-
-	-	-

(¥bil)

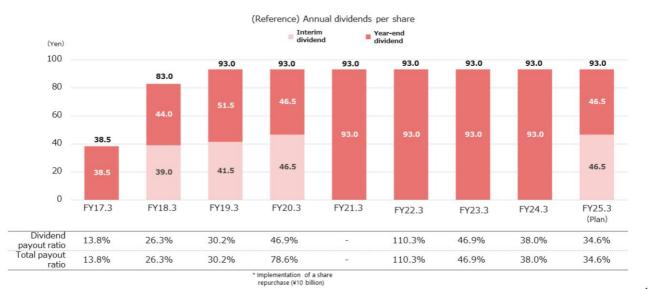
## FY25.3 Dividend Forecasts

### Shareholder return policy

JR Kyushu places importance on the stable provision of return to shareholders over the long term. Over
the period to FY25.3, we will aim for a consolidated dividend payout ratio of 35%, with a minimum
dividend per share of ¥93.0. We will flexibly implement share repurchases as necessary.

### FY25.3 dividend forecasts

- Taking the above-mentioned policy into consideration, we forecast a FY25.3 dividend of ¥93.0 per share.
- We reinstated interim dividends in FY25.3.



<b>Ⅲ</b> Status o	f Segments

## **Transportation Segment**

- In Q2 FY25.3, railway transportation revenues were slightly behind expectations due to natural disasters such as the earthquake and typhoon that occurred in August, but are expected to be able to recover in the full year
- Expenses of the railway business are almost as expected

Results]	6 months ended September, 30 2023	6 months ended September, 30 2024	Yo	Y
Operating revenue	79.3	82.1	2.8	103.6%
Railway Business (non-consolidated)	77.9	80.9	3.0	103.9%
Railway transportation revenues	70.4	73.3	2.9	104.1%
Operating income	12.1	12.2	0.1	101.3%
Railway Business (non-consolidated)	12.3	12.9	0.6	105.0%
EBITDA	17.9	18.7	0.8	104.6%
Railway Business (non-consolidated)	17.9	19.1	1.1	106.6%

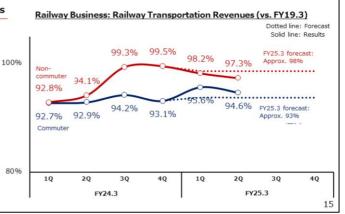
[For	ecasts]			(¥bil)
	FY24.3 Results	FY25.3 Forecasts		
	163.7	166.6	2.8	101.7%
	160.4	162.8	2.3	101.4%
	145.0	147.7	2.6	101.8%
	10.3	14.9	4.5	143.3%
	10.5	15.1	4.5	143.1%
	22.3	28.1	5.7	125.7%
	22.1	27.8	5.6	125.6%

### Status of Key Businesses and Assumptions behind Forecasts

 Overall, Q2 railway transportation revenues were below expectations, with non-commuter revenues weakening due to the impact of the earthquake centered in Hyuga-nada that occurred in August and Typhoon No.10, while commuter revenues continuing to strengthen.

[Railway transportation revenues (vs. FY19.3)] 1H results: 97.2% FY25.3 forecast: 97.6%

 Expenses of the railway business are almost as expected



- In the Transportation Segment, railway transportation revenues were slightly lower than expected due to the impact of natural disasters such as an earthquake and typhoon that occurred in August.
- A closer look at the breakdown shows that non-commuter revenues in particular were slightly weaker than expected, while commuter revenues were slightly stronger than we had anticipated. Revenues are at a level where we can recover to forecast levels for the full year.
- As for railway business expenses, labor expenses increased from the previous year due to the introduction of the new personnel and wage system, but overall were essentially in line with expectations.
- Going forward, we will continue to monitor the top line situation closely as we work to control costs.
- Please turn to the next slide.

#### Status of Inbound Measures in the Railway Business In Q2 FY25.3, inbound revenue remained essentially at 24.3 1H levels, owing to the impact of natural disasters Inbound Revenue (approximate) Demand for JR-KYUSHU RAIL PASS JR-KYUSHU RAIL PASS Others -Vs. FY19.3 1H FY19.3 1H FY24.3 1H FY25.3 144% 141% ۷s. Results Results Results FY24.3 FY19.3 Number of 126% 122% 115,000 116,000 134,000 116% 116% 126% tickets sold 123% Sales ¥1.09 billion ¥1.39 billion ¥1.83 billion 167% 131% Approx ¥1.4 billion Approx. ¥1.3 billion ¥10,000 ¥12.000 141% 120% ¥8.500 ¥1.3 billion Approx. Approx. \*Price for northern Kyushu (3days) Approx. ¥1.1 billion ¥1.1 billion Sales by ¥1.1 billion Nationality 1H FY25.3 1H FY24.3 Others Thail<mark>and</mark> Others Thailand South Taiwan Korea South Korea China China 1Q Price Change (3 Days, northern Kyushu) 2Q 3Q 4Q 2Q FY24.3 FY25.3 ¥12,000 ¥10,000 Percentage ¥9,500 ¥8,500 Approx. transportat 3.2% 3.7% 3.6% 3.6% revenues 16

- Next, I will explain the inbound situation in the railway business.
- ➤ In the second quarter, inbound revenue was at the same level as in the first half of the previous fiscal year, owing to the impact of natural disasters in August.
- Unit sales of the JR-KYUSHU RAIL PASS, which accounts for the majority of inbound revenue, was strong, at 10% above the level in the same period of the previous fiscal year.
- Looking at sales by nationality, in the current term usage by customers from China continues to recover.
- Please turn to slide 18.

# **Railway Business (Transportation Data)**

# Railway transportation revenues

(¥bil)

	6 months ended September 30, 2023	6 months ended September 30, 2024	Yo	Υ	Major Factors
Total	70.4	73.3	2.9	104.1%	
Commuter pass	15.4	15.8	0.3	102.5%	
Non-commuter pass	54.9	57.4	2.5	104.6%	
Cargo	0.0	0.0	0.0	121.8%	
Shinkansen	28.0	29.2	1.2	104.3%	
Commuter pass	1.5	1.6	0.1	106.7%	Gradual recovery in demand
Non-commuter pass	26.5	27.6	1.1	104.2%	
Conventional Lines	42.3	44.0	1.6	104.0%	
Commuter pass	13.9	14.2	0.2	102.0%	Gradual recovery in demand
Non-commuter pass	28.4	29.8	1.4	105.0%	

## Passenger-kilometers

(Millions of passenger-kilometer)

	6 months ended September 30, 2023	6 months ended September 30, 2024	Yo	′
Total	4,225	4,290	64	101.5%
Commuter pass	2,033	2,057	24	101.2%
Non-commuter pass	2,192	2,232	39	101.8%
Shinkansen	968	966	△ 2	99.8%
Commuter pass	112	118	6	105.8%
Non-commuter pass	856	847	△ 8	99.0%
Conventional Lines	3,257	3,323	66	102.1%
Commuter pass	1,920	1,939	18	101.0%
Non-commuter pass	1,336	1,384	48	103.6%

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## Real Estate and Hotels Segment: Real Estate Leasing Business

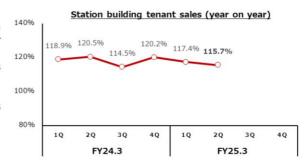
In Q2 FY25.3, station building tenant sales outpaced expectations, driven by performance at JR Hakata City.

[Results]				(¥bil)
	6 months ended September, 30 2023	6 months ended September, 30 2024	Yo	Υ
Operating revenue	33.5	37.6	4.1	112.3%
Operating income	8.6	9.2	0.6	107.3%
EBITDA	14.8	16.4	1.6	111.1%

[Forecasts]	1		(¥bil)
	FY24.3 Results	FY25.3 Forecasts	YoY
	70.7	76.3	5.5 107.8%
	15.8	17.3	1.4 108.9%
	29.0	31.8	2.7 109.3%

### Status of Key Businesses

- Driven by performance at JR Hakata City, station building tenant sales were up 10% overall year on year in Q2, outpacing expectations.
- Tenant sales were essentially in line with expectations at JR Nagasaki City (Amu Plaza Nagasaki Honkan, Annex, and Kamome Ichiba).
- Occupancy rates were generally firm at office buildings and rental apartments.



- Next, I will discuss the Real Estate and Hotels Segment.
- First, in the real estate leasing business, JR Hakata City continued to drive station building tenant sales, leading to 10% higher revenue from this business year on year.
- Amu Plaza Nagasaki Annex, which opened in last November, will contribute to full-year performance.
- Tenancy rates for office buildings and rental apartments remained generally firm.
- Please turn to the next slide.

## Real Estate and Hotels Segment: Real Estate Sales Business

- In Q2 FY25.3, condominium sales were increased year on year and in line with forecast.
- Property sales were decreased in revenue due to reflection to the sales in Q1 FY24.3.

[Results]				(¥bil)
		6 months ended		
	September, 30	September, 30	YoY	
	2023	2024		
Operating revenue	10.6	8.4	(2.1) 7	9.7%
Operating income	1.5	0.8	(0.6) 5	9.3%
EBITDA	1.5	0.9	(0.6) 5	9.4%

		(¥bil)
FY24.3 Results	FY25.3 Forecasts	YoY
37.1	33.5	(3.6) 90.2%
5.2	5.7	0.4 108.8%
5.2	5.8	0.5 110.2%

### Status of key businesses

• In March 2024, we began delivering "MJR Fukagawa Sumiyoshi," our first development property in Tokyo. In the current terms, we plan to begin delivering "MJR Hakata The Residence," "MJR Chihaya Mid-Square," and other properties.

#### MJR Hakata The Residence MJR Chihaya Mid-Square

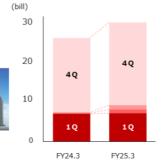
Location: Hakata-ku, Fukuoka Structure: 14 floors above ground Delivery date: March 2025 (scheduled) Units: 262

Sales status: Sales in progress

Units: 532

Location: Higashi-ku, Fukuoka Structure: 18 floors above ground Delivery date: March 2025 (scheduled) Sales status: Sales in progress

[Forecasts]



Actual and forecast sales of condominiums (operating revenue)

• Property sales were down, reflecting the sale in Q1 FY24.3. In full-year FY25.3, operating revenue is expected to be approximately ¥2.5 billion, which is lower than FY24.3 levels.

- Next, I will explain the real estate sales business.
- Condominium sales were up year on year, in lined with expectations, including "MJR Fukagawa Sumiyoshi," our first development property in Tokyo.
- Overall, revenue from the real estate sales business was down, reflecting the sale of rental apartment in the first guarter of the previous fiscal year.
- Please turn to the next slide.

## Real Estate and Hotels Segment: Hotel Business

 As in the previous fiscal year, in Q2 FY25.3, hotels with a high ratio of inbound guests continued to be a driving force, with ADR at Q1 levels and occupancy rates essentially in line with the forecast.

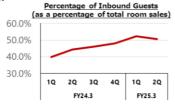
[Forecasts]

(Results)				(¥bil)
	6 months ended September, 30 2023	6 months ended September, 30 2024	Yo	Y
Operating revenue	11.0	15.0	3.9	135.8%
Operating income	1.7	3.0	1.2	169.8%
EBITDA	2.9	4.7	1.7	157.6%

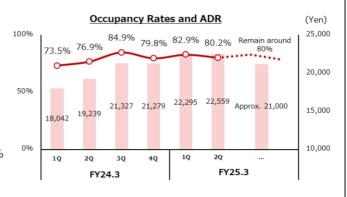
Justo 1	(¥bil)	
FY24.3 Results	FY25.3 Forecasts	YoY
25.2	28.4	3.1 112.4%
3.6	5.4	1.7 146.7%
6.4	8.7	2.2 134.1%

### Status of Key Businesses

 The ratio of inbound guests exceeded 50% overall, driven in particular by THE BLOSSOM brand locations.



 In Q2, occupancy rates and ADR were around 80% and approximately ¥22,000, respectively, maintaining strong performance since FY24.3 2H.



- Next, I will discuss the hotel business.
- ADR outpaced our expectations, and hotels with a high ratio of inbound guests continued to be a driving force.
- Occupancy rates slightly above the level in the fourth quarter of the previous fiscal year, essentially in line with our expectations.
- In addition, we recognize that the impact of natural disasters such as the earthquake with the epicenter in Hyuga-nada in August was limited.
- Please turn to the next slide.

# **Retail and Restaurant Segment**

 In Q2 FY25.3, performance at existing retail stores and restaurants remained favorable.

[Forecasts]

[Results]				(¥bil)
	6 months ended September, 30 2023	6 months ended September, 30 2024	Yo	Y
Operating revenue	29.9	32.4	2.4	108.3%
Operating income	1.6	1.8	0.1	111.7%
EBITDA	2.2	2.5	0.2	112.8%

		(¥bil)
FY24.3 Results	FY25.3 Forecasts	YoY
61.7	65.2	3.4 105.6%
3.2	3.6	0.3 112.3%
4.5	5.0	0.4 110.7%

21

### Status of Key Businesses

- In retail stores, such as souvenir shops and others, performance was favorable, and at restaurants, the franchise stores boosted performance. As a result, revenue at existing stores in both categories is above 100% of the previous year's levels.
- Overall, new store openings progressed steadily.

# 

### Assumptions behind Performance Forecasts

- We assume sales will exceed the previous year's levels, both at existing convenience stores and specialty stores.
- We plan to open new franchise stores, which accounted for around 60% of operating revenues in FY24.3.
- In Retail and Restaurant Segment, performance was favorable at both existing retail stores and restaurants. Sector revenue and income both increased, mainly due to the steady performance of stores opened in the previous fiscal year.
- Performance was particularly positive at existing stores in areas surrounding stations and at suburban stores, and customer spend was also up slightly year on year.
- Next, I will discuss progress on the medium-term business plan. Please turn to slide 24.

# **Construction Segment, Business Services Segment**

## Construction Segment

[Results]				(¥bil)
	6 months ended September, 30 2023	6 months ended September, 30 2024	Yo	ρY
Operating revenue	33.9	36.5	2.6	107.8%
Operating income	(0.3)	0.2	0.6	-
EBITDA	0.1	0.8	0.7	748.5%

### [Forecasts]

FY24.3 FY25.3 YoY

Results Forecasts

90.0 95.0 4.9 105.4%

6.6

7.9

0.6

(¥bil)

110.5%

112.3%

(¥bil)

## Business Services Segment

[Results]				(¥bil)
	6 months ended September, 30 September, 30 2023 2024		YoY	
Operating revenue	34.4	36.6	2.1	106.4%
Operating income	1.6	1.9	0.3	123.0%
EBITDA	3.0	3.5	0.4	116.2%

### [Forecasts]

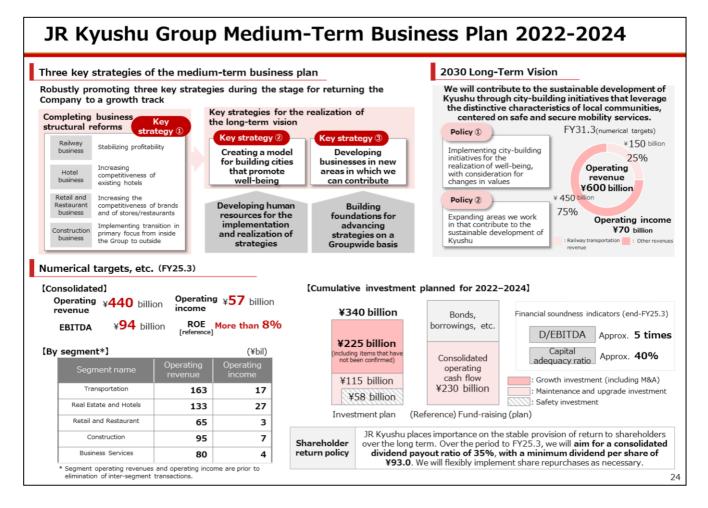
5.9

7.0

FY24.3 Results	FY25.3 Forecasts	YoY
77.9	81.8	3.8 104.9%
3.8	4.7	0.8 121.3%
6.8	7.7	0.8 111.7%

\_\_

IV Progress on the Medium-Term Business Plan	
	23



- With a view to the 2030 Long-Term Vision, our three-year medium-term business plan through fiscal 2024 was positioned as the stage for returning the Company to a growth track. We promoted three key strategies under this plan, which concludes in the current fiscal year.
- Please turn to the next slide.

#### Key Strategy • Completing Business Structural Reforms: Railway Business through the Future Railway Project We launched a ticketless service using QR codes, which provided effective in alleviating station congestion and reducing equipment costs. The multifunctional inspection vehicle (BIG EYE) went into full-scale operation, starting to improve the efficiency of inspection Commencement of ticketless service using QR codes We introduced a ticketless service using QR codes on "JR Kyushu **Usage Results** Internet train reservations" on September 26. The service is available for limited express trains on conventional Percentage of total lines departing from and arriving at Hakata Station, and for the Nishi-Kyushu Shinkansen. reservations for eligible Ticketless service allows for decreasing the number of tickets received at vending machines and JR Ticket Office, eases station congestion, and reductions equipment costs. products Approx. 67% **\*\*Aggregate Period:** September 26~October 27 Expected to be expanded to all limited express trains on OR ticketless service area regular railway lines next Full-Scale Operational Start of Our Multifunctional Inspection Vehicle (BIG EYE) fiscal year After running tests on some railway sections since November Measures track distortion 2023, the multifunctional inspection vehicle (BIG EYE) started inspection actual operation on all conventional lines in July. by irradiating rails with a laser, etc. system Replacing foot and visual inspections to inspections with high-Component frequency monitoring by BIG EYE, aiming to improve the inspection High-precision imaging of rail surface defects efficiency of equipment inspections, and converting railway and various components with a line sensor camera equipment to CBM (condition standard maintenance) system Person for Frequency **Building limit** Measures the distance between platforms, tunnels inspection on of inspection measuring vehicle and tracks, etc. using 3D point cloud data equipment High-speed Once in thre track inspectio 3 people

With regard to business structural reforms in the railway business, I would like to discuss two topics related to the Future Railway Project.

Un-

manned

Future

initiatives

Advancement of management method using stored

big data and development and introduction of AI for

automatically discriminating abnormal condition of

track facility by the above equipment

> The first has to do with the QR ticketless service.

months

Once in

a month

vehicle(previous

- This is a service where you can get on the train using a smartphone without receiving a ticket at the ticket window or ticket machines. Since the service started at the end of September this year, it has been used for about 67% of the eligible products. It is expected to contribute to the improvement of customer convenience and reduce congestion at station counters and ticket vending machines.
- The second topic is the start of full-scale operations of our multifunctional inspection vehicle, BIG EYE.
- BIGEYE has now begun collecting and storing data on railway tracks, platforms, tunnels, and other equipment on all conventional railway lines in Kyushu. At the same time, BIGEYE is planning to develop an AI that can automatically detect abnormal conditions in railroad track equipments to realize efficient inspections.
- We will continue to study and implement measures to improve the sustainability of our railway system, including improving customer convenience and reducing costs.
- Please turn to the next slide.

# Key Strategy **②** Creating a Model for Building Cities That Promote Well-Being | Maximizing the Effect of Opening Nishi-Kyushu Shinkansen

- Commuter numbers were increasing in Q2 FY25.3.
- We are promoting measures to encourage use of the Nishi-Kyushu Shinkansen and working to further continue and expand the effects of the opening.

### Usage of the Nishi-Kyushu Shinkansen

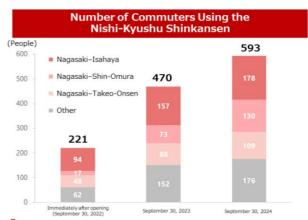


# Commemorative events to generate energy along the Nishi-Kyushu Shinkansen lines

Note: Number of people using Nishi-Kyushu Shinkansen in its first year are results of traffic between Takeo Onsen and Nagass in the first year of opening, the number of people is for the period from September 22, 2022 and September 22, 2023. Note: Figures for FY2018 are comparisons with usage number on the Kamome express between Isahaya and Nagasaki.

- To mark the second year of opening the Nishi-Kyushu Shinkansen, we held music events at Takeo-Onsen Station, Ureshino-Onsen Station, Shin-Omura Station, Isahaya Station, and Nagasaki Station
- In conjunction with the event, discount T-shirt-type tickets were sold to allow tours of the stations mentioned above





### Expanding the service area for SUGOCA

- We expanded the IC card ticket service area to the Sasebo region on October 3.
- We aim to improve the convenience of the Western Kyushu area and spread the effects of the opening of the Nishi-Kyushu Shinkansen more widely.



- Next, I will discuss maximizing the impact of opening the Nishi-Kyushu Shinkansen.
- In its second year of operation, the number of daily users of the Nishi-Kyushu Shinkansen exceeds first-year levels. Also, commuter numbers have continued to increase since the opening, which we believe shows that customers are recognizing the convenience of the Shinkansen.
- We also created a lively atmosphere by holding an event commemorating the second anniversary of the opening at each station along the line. In addition, in October we expanded the IC card ticket service area for SUGOCA in the Western Kyushu area.
- We will continue working to create a buzz in the Western Kyushu area, in an effort to maximize the effect of the Nishi-Kyushu Shinkansen.
- Please turn to the next slide.

# Key strategy Creating a Model for Building Cities That Promote Well-Being: Disclosing profitability by train line

Disclosing profitability for train lines with an average of less than 2,000 passengers per day. Of these, in regard to those lines on which the average number of passengers in FY2019.3 has declined by 70% or more in comparison with the point at which the JR companies were established, in collaboration with local governments in the areas around our train lines, we have established meetings to consider issues related to the utilization of train lines, and are discussing utilization measures to make the lines sustainable.
 With regard to the Ibusuki Makurazaki Line (Ibusuki – Makurazaki), "Conference on the Future of the Ibusuki Makurazaki Line" was established in August

established in August.	No.	0. Name of line	Segment	Operating kilometers	Operating profit (loss) in FY2024.3	Average number of passengers (passengers (day)		
Hakata	1Rokura	Name of line	Segment	(Km)	in FY2024.3 (¥ million)	FY1988.3	FY2024.3	% decline
	1	Nippo Main Line	Saiki – Nobeoka	58.4	-533	3,428	907	-74%
<b>3</b> \ (3) \ (3)	2	Nippo Main Line	Miyakonojō - Kokubu	42.2	-350	2,029	1,368	-33%
Tosu	<b>6</b>	Chikuhi Line	Karatsu - Imari	33.1	-157	728	224	-69%
Sasebd Saga Kurume	4 Yufuir	Miyazaki Airport Line	Tayoshi – Miyazaki Airport	1.4	23	_	1,792	-
	Oita	Chikuho Main Line	Keisen – Haruda	20.8	-100	2,981	384	-87%
	) )	Hitahikosan Line	Tagawa-Gotōji – Yoake	38.7	-	1,103	— (299) <b>※</b> 2	8-
8		Gotoji Line	Shin-Iizuka – Tagawa-Gotőji	13.3	-203	1,728	1,319	-24%
Nagasaki Kumamoto	9 \ <u>-</u> 3 \ <sub>8</sub>	Karatsu Line	Kubota - Karatsu	40.3	-394	3,649	1,861	-49%
	1	Karatsu Line	Karatsu - Nishi-Karatsu	2.2	-238	1,315	833	-37%
Shin-yats	sushiro		Higo-Ozu – Miyaji	30.8	-217	2,711	935	-66%
	9	Hohi Main Line	Miyaji – Bungo-Taketa	34.6	-332	1,028	193	-81%
			Bungo-Taketa – Miemachi	23.9	-150	2,384	863	-64%
<b>O</b>			Yatsushiro - Hitoyoshi	51.8	_	2,171	— (414) <b>%</b> 2	_
	<b>1</b>	Hisatsu Line	Hitoyoshi - Yoshimatsu	35.0	-	569	— (106) <b>%</b> 2	7.
∫ <b>∫ ∫ 0</b>			Yoshimatsu - Hayato	37.4	-372	1,109	479	-57%
	Miyazaki	Misumi Line	Uto – Misumi	25.6	-305	2,415	859	-64%
	4)	Kitto Line	Miyakonojō - Yoshimatsu	61.6	-428	1,518	402	-73%
Kagoshima- 2		Ibusuki Makurazaki Line	Kiire - Ibusuki	19.1	-232	3,687	1,988	-46%
chuo (14)	(a)		Ibusuki - Makurazaki	42.1	-462	942	222	-76%
B	9	Nichinan Line	Tayoshi - Aburatsu	44.0	-703	2,129	948	-55%
	•	reichinan Line	Aburatsu - Shibushi	42.9	-418	669	179	-73%
Ibusuki Makurazaki Line (Ibusuki – Makurazaki)	A train lines with an average of less the train lines with an average of more t			Total *1 Lines *2 Avera	-5,570 for which meeting age number of pas	gs have been establis sengers in the year b	hed are red circles and sefore the disaster is sho	shaded in pink.

B \_\_\_\_ train lines with an average of more than 1,000 passengers and less than 2,000 per day \_\_\_\_\_ X2 average number of passengers in the year before the disaster is shown in parentheses for reference, as it includes suspended sections, etc.

- Next, I would like to talk about disclosing profitability by train lines.
- In August, this fiscal year, as well, we disclosed income and expenditures for line segments where usage is low.
- ➤ In addition, in August we established a "Study Council on the Future of the Line" with regard to the Ibusuki Makurazaki Line, between Ibusuki and Makurazaki, in southern area of Kagoshima Prefecture. Going forward, we will continue to engage in constructive discussions with the local community.
- Please turn to the next slide.

## Key Strategy 2 BRT on the Hitahikosan Line Creating a Model for Building Cities That Promote Well-Being:

- The Hitahikosan Line BRT Hikoboshi Line, which celebrated its first anniversary in August, 2024, has enjoyed steady usage.
- We are working to improve convenience and promote use of the line through collaboration with municipalities along the line and other companies.

### Usage Status Since Opening

### The average number of passengers in FY24.3

### 164 people/day

(Reference) Railway (2016) 131 people/day \*The number of railway passengers indicates the average number of passengers between Soeda and Yoake.



 The route passes by high schools and the city hall, attracting commuter demand as originally envisioned. Thereby the number of passengers using the service is higher than in the days when the route was served by a railroad.

### Introduction of Additional Vehicles (April 2024)

- Due to strong demand, additional medium-sized diesel buses were added to the fleet.
- Eight buses are in operation, including fuel cell buses (as of September 2024).



Capacity: 56 people (including the driver)

### **MaaS Verification Testing Initiatives**

 Ticket packages that include a one-day free ticket and special regional offers are sold through the "my route" smartphone app.

 The service was revamped in March 2024, expanding the number of reward coupons. This is the first MaaS verification testing to achieve collaboration across the Fukuoka and Oita prefectural boundaries.



<App Usage Examples>



### Start of Fuel Cell Bus Operations (Until spring of 2025(plan))

With Fukuoka Prefecture and Commercial Japan Partnership Technologies, we iointly conducted a demonstration run of a small fuel cell (FC) bus using hydrogen.



· We are verifying the feasibility of introducing FC mobility, expanding options for regional public transportation, and promoting the development of the areas along the rail line.

Capacity: 20 people (including the driver)

Seats: 14

- Next, I would like to discuss the status of the Hitahikosan Line BRT Hikoboshi Line, which went into service in last August.
- One year has passed since the line's opening, and we continue to have more customers than when we ran a rail service on that line due to daily use such as commuting to school or visiting hospital. We believe that the installation of more stations than were available on the railway and more flexible routing options have been well received by our customers.
- We are also working on MaaS verification testing, offering free tickets and special offers to users of the BRT on the Hitahikosan Line from within and outside of the prefecture through the "my route" smartphone app.
- We will continue to improve the convenience of BRT and promote its use through such initiatives.
- Please turn to the next slide.

## **ESG Initiatives**



- To support the realization of a de-carbonized society, we monitor and disclose the Group's overall supply chain emissions, and promote emission reduction initiatives that take into account economic efficiency in the Group's business areas.

  With regard to the development of human resources, the source of value creation, we saw a year-on-year increase in overall satisfaction in the employee attitude survey, which is used as a KPI for
- executive compensation.

### **Environmental initiatives**

Scope 1 Scope 2

- Identify and disclose emissions for the entire Group
- Set Group-wide targets by the end of this fiscal year

Scope 3

- Identify and disclose emissions for the entire Group
- Going forward, consider Groupwide response measures





### Employee Attitude Survey Results



Satisfaction with evaluation and treatment

Category	Period		3.00
Satisfaction with promotions	FY23.3	2.88	
Satisfaction with promotions	FY24.3	2.91	
Satisfaction with personnel evaluations	FY23.3	2.79	
Satisfaction with personnel evaluations	FY24.3	2.89	
Satisfaction with compensation system	FY23.3	2.34	
Satisfaction with compensation system	FY24.3	2.78	

- The overall satisfaction level increased 0.09 points year on year. We recognized that opinion exchange meetings for all employees and revisions to the personnel and wage systems are having a positive impact.
- On the other hand, "satisfaction with evaluation and treatment" has been an issue for some time. We are conducting training for evaluators in parallel with the new personnel and wage systems. This should improve satisfaction with evaluations and treatment.
- Implemented training for evaluators
- First round: 1,373 participants(about 90% of the subjects) (August 2023 to April 2024)
- The second round started in October 2024 and will continue in the future.



- Next, I would like to discuss our ESG initiatives.
- In terms of our environmental initiatives, we have identified and disclosed Scope 3 emissions for the entire Group for the current fiscal year. Furthermore, we are actively promoting emission-reduction efforts that consider both environmental and economic factors, such as CO<sub>2</sub> net-zero services and bottle-to-bottle initiatives.
- Also, our employee attitude survey indicated a 0.09-point year-on-year increase in the overall satisfaction level. We believe this shows that the opinion exchange meetings for all employees with management and revisions to the personnel and wage systems are having a positive impact.
- On the other hand, "satisfaction with evaluation and treatment" has been an issue for some time. To address this, we are conducting training for evaluators and working to ensure that personnel evaluations are conducted in a fair and convincing manner.
- Please turn to slide 31.

V Regarding Serious Safety Issues at JR Kyushu Jet Ferry Inc.	
	30

## Regarding Serious Safety Issues at JR Kyushu Jet Ferry Inc.

### Overview

- In June, 2023, in response "Order to Ensure Safety of Transportation" issued by the Minister of Land, Infrastructure,
  Transport and Tourism, an improvement report was submitted by JR Kyushu Jet Ferry Inc. (Hereinafter referred to as "the
  Company").
- On August 6, 2024, An audit conducted by the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism found that the company failed to report to the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism despite the fact that the hull (Queen Beetle) operated by the company had been inundated, and that there were cases that raised serious doubts about the safety assurance system, such as the suspicion that the warning sensor for detecting inundation had been relocated.
- On August 13, 2024, Queen Beetle operations suspended.
- On September 3, 2024, a third-party committee consisting of outside experts was established to clarify the facts, including the cause of the incident, and to rebuild the system for ensuring safety.
- On September 17,2024, the Company received "Order to Ensure Safety of Transportation" and "Order to Dismiss the Chief Safety Management Officer and the Vessel Operations Manager" from the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism.
- On October 31,2024, the Company submitted the improvement report to the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport
  and Tourism. On the same day, the Company dismissed the Chief Safety Management Officer and the Vessel Operations
  Manager and appointed new Chief Safety Management Officer and new Vessel Operations Manager, notifying the Minister
  of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism.

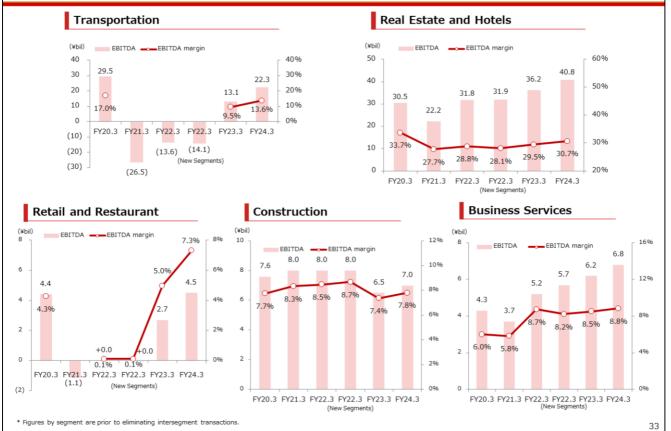
### **Future Actions**

- Work on specific measures to prevent recurrence as described in the improvement report, such as building safety awareness and promoting awareness of legal compliance
- The investigation report from the Third-Party Committee will be released as soon as it is received. In addition, after receiving the investigation report, we promptly formulate and publish measures to prevent recurrence and work for improvement.
- We understand the impact of this matter on JR Kyushu's consolidated business performance to be insignificant.

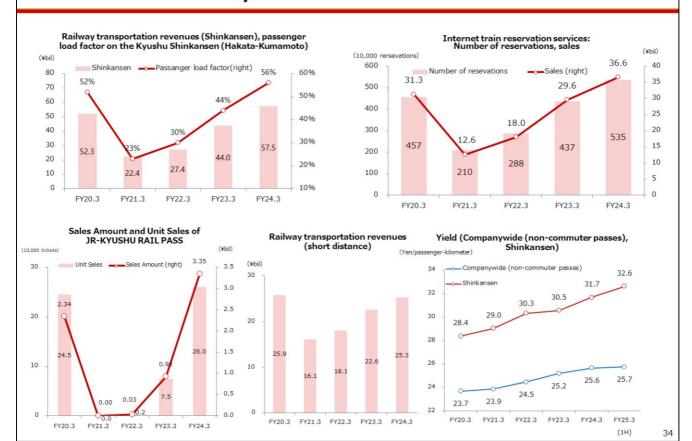
- Finally, I would like to discuss the status of serious problems related to safety assurance at JR Kyushu Jet Ferry Inc.
- I sincerely apologize to our stakeholders for any concerns and inconvenience that we have caused since the problem occurred in this August.
- With regard to this matter, on September 17 we received an "Order to Ensure Safety of Transportation" and an "Order to Dismiss the Chief Safety Management Officer and the Vessel Operations Manager" from the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism. On October 31, we submitted an improvement report to the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism.
- Moreover, a third-party committee consisting of outside experts was established in September to provide advice on measures to prevent recurrence, etc. I understand that we will be receiving a report from this committee in November, this month.
- In addition to the measures described in the improvement report we submitted to the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism, we will step up measures to prevent recurrence based on the recommendations of the third-party committee, and we hope to resume operations once a safety management system and permanent measures regarding the hull are in place.
- > This concludes my presentation. Thank you for your attention.

APPENDIX	
	32
APPENDIX	3:

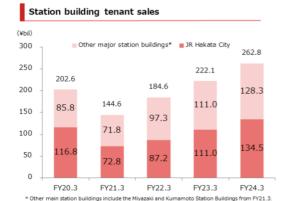
# **EBITDA** by Segment



# **Trends in the Railway Business**



# Trends in the Real Estate and Hotel Businesses



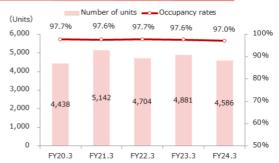
### Unit sales of condominiums (cumulative)



### Hotel occupancy rates and average unit prices



# Rental apartment numbers (cumulative) and occupancy rate



\* Numbers of rooms are as of the end of each fiscal year (excluding the sale of properties to a private REIT, etc.)

\* Occupancy rates are averages of the figures at the end of each month (excluding the year of opening for newly consent constitute; excluding newly acquired properties.

# **Overview of Major Development Pipelines**

Name	Location	Schedule	Floor space/Lot area/Units/Roo ms	Notes (Uses, etc.)
Toranomon Alcea Tower (Toranomon 2-chome category 1 urban redevelopment project) * Joint development by six companies, with NIPPON STEEL KOWA REAL ESTATE CO., LTD., as the Group representative for the acquisition of reserved floor area.	Minato-ku, Tokyo	September 2020: Start of construction February 2025: Planned completion	Lot area: Approx. 22,500㎡ Floor space: Approx. 180,700 ㎡	Office buildings (partly commercial stores)
Project utilizing the space above the tracks at Hakata Station	Hakata-ku, Fukuoka City	End 2028: Planned completion	Lot area: Approx. 5,200㎡ Floor space: Approx. 50,000㎡	Offices, hotels, and commercial operations, and plazas, etc.
Kajiya-cho No. 1 Urban Area Redevelopment Project	Kagoshima City, Kagoshima Prefecture	Fiscal 2024: Urban planning decision Fiscal 2025: Business plan approval	Lot area: Approx. 5,500m	<ul> <li>Plan for a complex of condominiums and commercial facilities</li> <li>Street stores will be located along the train street to create a bustling atmosphere.</li> <li>Establish a plaza for events, etc.</li> </ul>
Former site of Kyushu University Hakozaki Campus	Higashi-ku, Fukuoka City	April 2024: Acquisition of preferential negotiating rights 2H Fiscal 2025: Project launch expected	Lot area: Approx. 28.5ha	Sumitomo Corporation will be the representative company, and eight companies including us will participate in the project.     Specific business plans are to be developed through preferential negotiation with the offeror.

Note: Schedules are subject to change

## About the Application to Revise Rail Fares and Charges

On July 19, we filed an application for approval of a change in the maximum rail fares and charges for our railway business.
 On October 31, submission of a report from the Transport Council to the Minister of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism to the effect that it is appropriate to grant approval according to the application

### Background and Objectives of Application

- Transportation demand is not expected to return to pre-COVID-19 levels due to the development of the expressway network, population decline and aging in the Kyushu area that surpasses the national average, and a further decrease in usage due to the lifestyle changes.
- We have been working to reduce fixed costs and improve productivity since before the pandemic, we expect to continue to face difficult
  business conditions due in part to increased expenses resulting from the recent sharp rise in electricity rates and the prices of goods.
- It has become difficult to secure stable funds for capital investments and repairs necessary to maintain and improve safety and service, renew and extend the service life of aging rolling stock and equipment, and respond to increasingly severe disasters and the demand for carbon neutrality. Furthermore, We face an urgent need to improve compensation and the workplace environment in order to secure a stable workforce.

Overview of Ap	pplication	Future Initiatives	
Scheduled date of implementation	April 1, 2025 (the first revision in 29 years, since January 1996)	Main subjects of Capital Investment Plan	Investment amount
Increased revenues	¥16.9 billion (Rate of increase:11.4%)	Extending the service life of railway facilities (FY2024~FY2027)	Around ¥7.5 billion
	Overall on fares and charges: 15.0% revision • Regular Rail Fares: average 14.6% revision	Bringing in next-generation rolling stock (FY2024~FY2030)	Around ¥12.5 billion
	commuter passes	Modification existing rolling stock: (FY2024~FY2030)	Around ¥11.0 billion
Percentage revision		Developing next-generation rolling stock inspection facilities (FY2024~FY2031)	Around ¥48.0 billion
TEVISION	Shinkansen Express Charges: average 12.4% revision      The express charges applies blocks the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies blocks to the use of papers.      The express charges applies to the use of papers.      The express charges applies to the use of papers.      The express charges applies to the use of papers.      The express charges applies to the use of papers.      The express charges applies to the use of the u	Introducing and expanding ticketless services (FY2024~FY2027)	Around ¥3.0 billion
	**The express charges applicable to the use of non- reserved seats between some adjacent stations, etc., and the express charges on the Nishi-Kyushu Shinkansen will remain unchanged		3

## Railway Business—Outline of Fares/Charges and Depreciation costs

### Outline of Fares/Charges

### ■ Breakdown of fares/charges

Charges → Compensation for the use of facilities, the provision of additional services, and the provision of services, which are other than transportation

Fares → Compensation for the transportation of people or goods

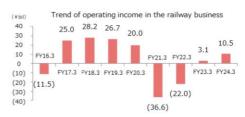
### ■ Procedures for establishing and adjusting fares/charges

- Establishing/adjusting the upper limit for fares and Shinkansen express charges requires the approval from the Minister of the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism(MLIT).
   Establishing/adjusting fairs and Shinkansen express charges within the scope of the upper limit and
- Establishing/adjusting fairs and Shinkansen express charges within the scope of the upper limit and establishing/adjusting conventional line express charges, etc., can be handled by notification to the Minister of the MLIT.

#### ■ Examination standards for upper limit fares/charges

Prior to giving approval for establishing/adjusting the upper limit on fares, the Minister of the MLIT
must confirm that the new upper limit does not exceed "total cost," which is the sum of the proper
operating costs if it were to carry out efficient management and the proper profit calculated pursuant
to specified methods.

(The Company implemented a substantial fare revision, other than consumption tax revision, in 1996)



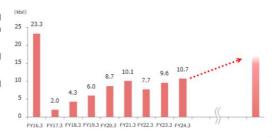
If examination standards are met (illustration)



Expense > Revenue (Reference) MLIT web site

### Gradual increase in depreciation costs

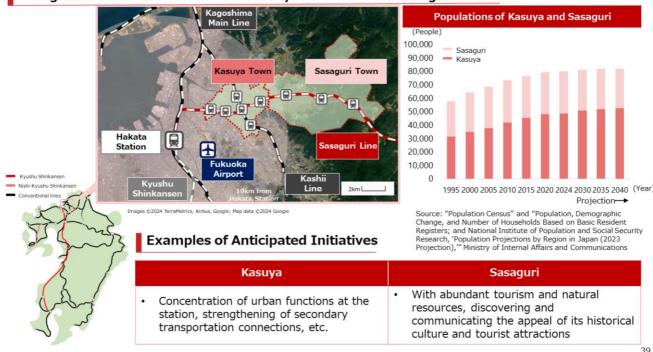
- Decrease in depreciation costs in conjunction with impairment losses on fixed assets held in the railway business (approximately ¥520.0 billion) recorded on March 31, 2016
- Capital investment of between ¥25.0 billion and ¥30.0 billion a year conducted in railway business after impairment losses
- Gradual increase of ¥1.0-2.0 billion per year in depreciation costs going forward due to continuation of current trends



# Creating a Model for Building Cities That Promote Well-Being | Comprehensive Collaboration Agreements with Local Governments along the line

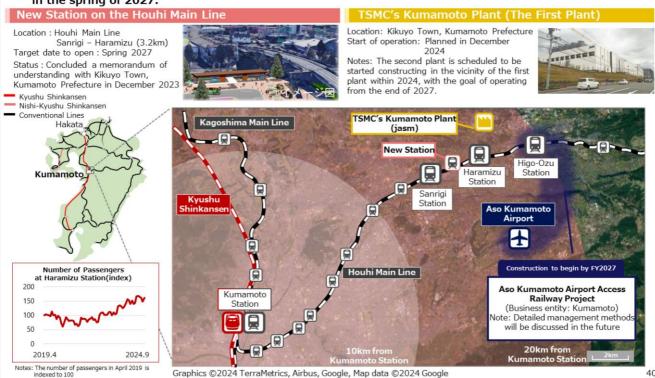
- We have signed comprehensive collaboration agreements with the Kasuya Town and the Sasaguri Town, which are located in the Fukuoka metropolitan area, and rail usage is on the rise.
- By working with municipalities along the line, we aim to increase the resident and the non-resident population and the number of rail users.

### Sasaguri Line and Locations of the Kasuya Town and the Sasaguri Town



### Our Routes and Position in Relation to Airport Access Railway and TSMC's **Kumamoto Plant**

- With the entry of TSMC and the construction of airport access railway, the Kumamoto area is expected to see an increase in interaction and population along the rail line.
- We plan to build a new station between Sanrigi Station and Haramizu Station on the Houhi Main Line in the spring of 2027.



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# **Forward-Looking Statements**

These materials contain forward-looking statements concerning business forecasts, targets, etc. of the JR Kyushu Group.

These statements are judgments made by the Company based on information, projections, and assumptions available at the time of the materials' creation. Accordingly, please be advised that actual operating results could greatly differ from the contents of the materials due to the economic situation inside and outside Japan and the economic situation in Kyushu; real estate market conditions; the progress of respective projects; changes in laws and regulations; and a wide range of other risk factors.

IR materials can be viewed on our corporate website: https://www.jrkyushu.co.jp/company/ir\_eng/library/earnings/